# Core Vocabulary 

What is it
Why is it important
How can we teach it

## What is core vocabulary

Use of core vocabulary is an essential skill for people who rely on AAC to communicate
Core vocabulary is the small set of high frequency words that make up most of what we say.

With these few hundred words we can create up to $80 \%$ of the messages we need to say in any given day.

Research on the importance of core words dates back to 1987

## What is core vocabulary

## Verbs (go, stop)

Adjectives (good, bad)
Prepositions (in, under)
Pronouns (me, they)

## What is core vocabulary examples

| Like | Not | I | You | It | Where |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Want | Go | He | She | Here | What |
| Get | Look | Open | That | Can | Why |
| Make | Turn | Do | Up | On | Who |
| Good | Help | Put | All | In | When |
| More | Different | Same | Some | Finished | Stop |

## Core vocabulary in practice

I like that

Not go here

You do it
You help
What you like

I can do

I finished, want different
I turn go

You stop that

## Typical Fringe Vocabulary

Bat

Home run

Base

Pitcher
ball

Grass

Plate

Hat

Strike

## So let's talk about baseball

Core Vocabulary

1. He turn go
2. It go up
3. Finished, he go
4. He good
5. Who go
6. I like that
7. Look it go

Fringe Vocabulary

1. Ball out
2. Strike
3. Strike out
4. Ball
5. Home run
6. Base
7. Hat

## So let's talk about baseball

Core Vocabulary

1. He turn go
2. It go up
3. Finished, he
go
4. He good
5. Who go
6. I like that
7. Look it go

With the core vocabulary we see commenting, narrating, expressing preference, and multiple word combinations

With fridge vocabulary we see mostly labeling of single items.

Both have a place, but we can see how teaching core vocabulary creates space for more natural and specific communication.

Fringe Vocabulary

1. Ball out
2. Strike
3. Strike out
4. Ball
5. Home run
6. Base
7. Hat

Teaching Core Words (or any vocabulary)

## What do we know about learning new vocabulary

Context is so important for real world, generalizable learning

Exposure is key- the more we see a new word used in maybe contexts the better we will learn it

## What does this look like: Choose a reason

One way to think about modeling core words can be to look at reasons to communicate.

Just like the word maps we made for activities different communicative functions, or reasons to communicate, can help you choose core words to model. Here are some examples:

| Asking for things | Want, need, my |
| :--- | :--- |
| Asking for information | What, who, where, when |
| Giving directions | Go, more, my, on, in, there, up |
| Expressing preferences | Like, don't, stop, no, more |

## What does this look like: Choose a word

Conversely we can choose specific words to model. When I meet a family that has a large team I like to recommend this as a place to start. Everyone on the team has a word or two that they focus on for a week or a month. This allows everyone to continue with their activities, just add a little modeling here and there.

There are some great resources for word of the week on the internet.

## Don't forget

- Work combinations: phrases and sentences
- Use core to expand on reasons to communicate
- Use core + fringe to make more specific messages

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